random clinical samples. & ELECTRA ™ T4 has demonstrated 100% clinical correlation with the commercially available licensed kit.

Precision: ELECTRA™ T4 was evaluated with licensed external Quality controls for Precision Studies & following is the data:

Controls	No. of testings	Mean Control values with ELECTRA [™] T ₄	Coefficient of Variable (CV		
Level 1	10	5.414	4.16		
Level 2	10	11.257	4.83		
Level 3	10	12.912	4.46		

B) External Evaluation:

ELECTRA™ T4 CLIA has been evaluated by a NABL accredited lab against their reference method. In this evaluation **ELECTRA**[™] T₄ has demonstrated > 97% correlation with the reference method.

*Data file: Zephyr Biomedicals (A Division of Tulip Diagnostics Pyt. Ltd).

Important Note:

- The ELECTRA™ T4 assay is a temperature sensitive assay. The best temperature condition for this assay is from 18°C to
- 2. The wash procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance readings.
- 3. It is recommended to use the multi channel pipettes to avoid time effect. A full plate of 96 wells may be used if automated pipette is available.
- 4. Duplication of Standards & samples is not mandatory but may provide information on reproducibility & application errors.

LIMITATIONS OF THE ASSAY

(1). As with all diagnostic tests, a definite clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of a single test, but should only be made by the physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated. (2). The activity of the enzyme used is temperature-dependent and the RLU values may vary. The higher the room temperature (+18°C to +25°C) during substrate incubation, the greater will be the RLU values. Corresponding variations apply also to the incubation times. However, the Standards are subject to the same influences, with the result that such variations will be largely compensated in the calculation of the result. (3). Adaptation of this assay for use with automated sample processors and other liquid handling devices, in whole or in part, may yield differences in test results from those obtained using the manual procedure. It is the responsibility of each laboratory to validate that their automated procedure yields test results within acceptable limits. (4). Insufficient washing (e.g., less than 5 wash cycles, too small wash buffer volumes, or shortened reaction times) can lead to incorrect results.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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SYMBOL KEYS

Temperature Limitation	Consult Instructions for use	Date of Manufacture	LOT Batch Number / Lot Number
Manufacturer	IVD In vitro Diagnostic Medical Device	This side up	Σ Contains sufficient
Use by	REF Catalogue Number	Do not reuse	for <n> tests</n>

Manufactured by

Zephyr Biomedicals

A Division of Tulip Diagnostics (P) Ltd.

M 46-47, Phase III B, Verna Industrial Estate, Verna, Goa- 403 722, INDIA.

Regd. Office: Gitanjali, Tulip Block, Dr. Antonio Do Rego Bagh, Alto Santacruz, Bambolim Complex P.O., Goa - 403 202, INDIA.

1119/VER-01



Chemiluminescence Assay for the Quantitative Determination of Thyroxine (T4) in Human Serum. FOR IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE ONLY Store at 2°C to 8°C

INTENDED USE

ELECTRA™ T4 CLIA test is intended for the quantitative determination of Thyroxine (T4) in human serum. For In Vitro Diagnostic Use only.

INTRODUCTION

L-Thyroxine (T4) is a hormone that is synthesized and stored in the thyroid gland. Proteolytic cleavage of follicular thyroglobulin releases T4 into the bloodstream. Measurement of total T4 by immunoassay is the most reliable and convenient screening test available to determine the presence of thyroid disorders in patients. Increased levels of T4 have been found in hyper-thyroidism due to Grave's disease and Plummer's disease and in acute and subacute thyroiditis. Low levels of T4 have been associated with congenital hypothyroidism, myxedema, chronic thryoiditis (Hashimoto's disease) and with some genetic abnormalities.

PRINCIPLE

ELECTRA™ T4 Quantitative CLIA assay is for use on ELECTRA analyzers. ELECTRA™ T4 CLIA works on the principle of chemiluminescence wherein light is produced by a chemical reaction from a substance as it returns from an electronically excited state to the ground state. When catalysed by HRP, the oxidation of luminol by hydrogen peroxide produces an electronically excited form of 3-aminophthalate which on relaxation emits light with maximum intensity at λ =425nm.

In ELECTRA™ T4 CLIA, a certain amount of anti-T4 antibody is coated on microtiter wells. A measured amount of patient serum, and a constant amount of T4 conjugated with horseradish peroxidase are added to the microtiter wells. During incubation, T4 in the samples and conjugated T4 compete for the limited binding sites on the anti-T4 antibody of the wells. After incubation, the wells are washed by wash Buffer to remove unbound T4 conjugate. A solution of chemiluminescent substrate is then added and Luminescence is measured in RLU. The intensity of the emitting light is proportional to the amount of enzyme present and is inversely related to the amount of unlabeled T4 in the sample. By reference to a series of T4 standards assayed in the same way, the concentration of T₄ in the unknown sample is quantified.

MATERIALS & COMPONENTS

Materials provided with the test kits:

- Coated Microwells: Microwells coated with Anti-T4 antibody.
- T4 HRPO Conjugate Diluent
- T₄ HRPO Enzyme Conjugate (20X)
- Substrate A: Chemiluminescent substrate containing enhanced luminol solution.
- Substrate B: Chemiluminescent substrate containing stabilized peroxide solution.
- T4 Standard set of 6 standards labeled as A to F in liquid form. Ready to use. For standard Concentrations refer vial label.
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X).

Materials required but not provided:

- Precision pipettes: 10-100µl, 50-200µl, 100-1000µl
- Disposable pipette tips
- Distilled water
- Disposable Gloves
- **ELECTRA** [™] Analyzer

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- **ELECTRA™ T4** kit is stable at 2-8°C up to the expiry date printed on the label.
- Coated micro-wells should be used within one month of opening the pouch. Once opened, the pouch must be sealed properly to protect from moisture. In case the desiccant pouch changes color from blue to white, the strips should not be
- Diluted wash buffer is stable up to one week at 2-8°C.
- Working Substrate (A+B) must be used immediately.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION

- Collect blood specimen by venipuncture according to the standard procedure.
- 2. Only serum should be used.



An ISO 13485

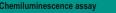
Certified Company













- 3. Avoid grossly hemolytic, lipemic or turbid samples.
- Preferably use fresh samples. However, specimens can be stored up to 48 hours at 2-8°C, for short duration.
- For longer storage, specimens can be frozen at -20°C. Thawed samples must be mixed prior to testing.
- Do not heat inactivate before use. 6.
- 7. Specimen containing precipitate or particulate matter should be clarified by centrifugation prior to use.
- 8. Specimen should be free from particulate matter and microbial contamination

PRECAUTIONS

- Bring all reagents and specimen to room temperature before use. 1.
- Do not pipette any material by mouth. 2.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke in the area where testing is done. 3.
- Use protective clothing and wear gloves when handling samples. 4.
- 5. Use absorbent sheet to cover the working area.
- 6. Immediately clean up any spills with sodium hypochlorite.
- All specimens and standards should be considered potentially infectious and discarded appropriately. 7.
- Neutralize acid containing waste before adding hypochlorite.
- 9. Do not use kit after the expiry date.
- 10. Do not mix components of one kit with another.
- 11. Always use new tip for each specimen and reagent.
- 12. Do not allow liquid from one well to mix with other wells.
- 13. Do not let the strips dry in between the steps.

REAGENT PREPARATION

- All reagents should be brought to room temperature (18-25°C) and mixed by gently inverting or swirling prior to use. Do not induce foaming.
- Dilute Wash Buffer 20 times (for example add 5ml concentrated buffer to 95 ml distilled or deionized water). Mix well
- Dilute Enzyme Conjugate with Conjugate Diluent according to the requirement as shown below. Prepare a fresh dilution for each assay.

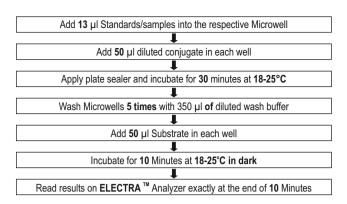
No. of Strips	0.5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
T ₄ HRPO Enzyme													
Conjugate (20X) (µI)	12.5	25	50	75	100	125	150	175	200	225	250	275	300
T ₄ HRPO Conjugate													
Diluent (µI)	250	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000

 Prepare a Working Substrate by Mixing Substrate A and Substrate B in equal volume (1:1 ratio) before addition to the micro-wells

No. of Strips	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Substrate-A μI	250	450	650	850	1050	1250	1450	1650	1850	2050	2250	2450
Substrate-B μl	250	450	650	850	1050	1250	1450	1650	1850	2050	2250	2450

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Secure the desired number of coated wells in the holder. Dispense 13ul of Standards & Serums into the appropriate
- 2. Dispense 50µl of diluted Conjugate into each well. Incubate at room temperature (18-25°C) for 30 minutes.
- 3. Remove the incubation mixture by emptying the plate content into a waste container. Rinse and empty the microtiter plate 5 times with Wash Buffer (1X). Strike the microtiter plate sharply onto the absorbent paper or paper towels to remove all residual water droplets.
- 4. Add 50 µl of working Substrate (A+B) in all the micro-wells. Keep away from direct light while adding the substrate.
- Cover the ELECTRA™ microplate and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature (18-25°C) in dark.
- 6. Read the ELECTRA™ micro-plate exactly at 10 minutes in ELECTRA™ Analyzer. If ELECTRA™ micro-plate is not read between 10-15 minutes the test results should be considered as invalid



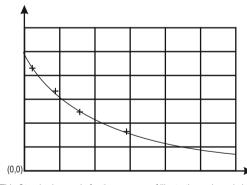
CALCULATIONS

Construct a Standard curve by plotting the mean RLU obtained from each reference standard against its concentration in ug/dl on the graph paper, with RLU values on the vertical or Y axis and concentrations on the horizontal or X axis. Use the absorbance values for each specimen to determine the corresponding concentration of T4 in µg/dl from the standard curve. Any diluted specimens must be corrected by the appropriate dilution factor.

Example of Standard curve

Results of a typical standard run with RLU's shown in the Y axis against T4 concentrations shown in the X axis. Suggest: Use 4-Parameter Standard curve to calculate sample values.

T4 Values (µg/dl)	RLU's				
A	2302789				
В	1157452				
С	634237				
D	322237				
E	233875				
F	36312				



This Standard curve is for the purpose of illustration only and should not be used to calculate unknowns. Each user should obtain their own Standard curve and data.

Expected Ranges of values

Normal Range: 5.0 to 13.0 µg/dl

The minimal detectable concentration of T₄ by this assay is estimated to be 0.45 µg/dl.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

A) Internal Evaluation:

1. Accuracy: In an internal study ELECTRA [™] T4 was evaluated against commercially available licensed kit with 90